

## Basic Information

<b>Product Name</b>	Anti-ABCC8 DyLight 488 Conjugated Antibody
<b>Gene Name</b>	ABCC8
<b>Source</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	human
<b>Tested Application</b>	FCM
<b>Contents</b>	Each vial contains 50% glycerol, 0.9% NaCl, 0.2% Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub> , 0.02% Na <sub>3</sub> N.
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence in the middle region of human SUR1, which shares 97.7% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with both mouse and rat SUR1.
<b>Fluorophores</b>	Amax=488nm; Emax=515-545nm
<b>Conjugate</b>	DyLight 488
<b>Concentration</b>	500ug/ml
<b>Purification</b>	Immunogen affinity purified.
<b>Dilution Ratios</b>	Flow cytometry (FCM):1-3 µg/1x10 <sup>6</sup> cells

## Storage

At -20°C for one year from date of receipt. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Protect from light.

## Background Information

ATP-binding cassette transporter sub-family C member 8 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the ABCC8 gene. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MRP subfamily which is involved in multi-drug resistance. This protein functions as a modulator of ATP-sensitive potassium channels and insulin release. Mutations and deficiencies in this protein have been observed in patients with hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia of infancy, an autosomal recessive disorder of unregulated and high insulin secretion. Mutations have also been associated with non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus type II, an autosomal dominant disease of defective insulin secretion. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

## Selected Validation Data

# Anti-ABCC8 DyLight 488 Conjugated Antibody

Catalog Number: **A00895-Dyl488**

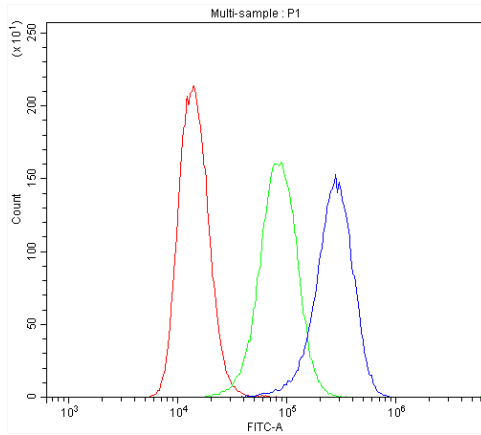


Figure 1. Flow Cytometry analysis of A431 cells using anti-Human SUR1 antibody (A00895-Dyl488). Overlay histogram showing A431 cells stained with A00895-Dyl488 (Blue line). anti-Human SUR1 Antibody (A00895-Dyl488, 1 $\mu$ g/1x10<sup>6</sup> cells) for 30 min at 20°C. DyLight®488 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (BA1127, 5-10 $\mu$ g/1x10<sup>6</sup> cells) was used as secondary antibody. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was rabbit IgG (1 $\mu$ g/1x10<sup>6</sup>) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (Red line) was also used as a control.