

Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-ADAM9 Antibody	
Gene Name	ADAM9	
Source	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Isotype	IgG	
Species Reactivity	human	
Tested Application	WB, IHC, ICC/IF, ELISA	
Contents	500 ug/ml antibody with PBS, 0.02% NaN ₃ , 1 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.	
Immunogen	E.coli-derived human ADAM9 recombinant protein (Position: R212-D247).	
Concentration	500 ug/ml	
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.	
Observed MW	75 kDa/100 kDa	
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB):	1:500-2000
	Immunohistochemistry (IHC):	1:50-400
	Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence (ICC/IF):	1:50-400
	Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA):	1:100-1000
	(Boiling the paraffin sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH6.0, or PH8.0 EDTA repair liquid for 20 mins is required for the staining of formalin/paraffin sections.) Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.	

Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied. 6 months 2 to 8°C after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

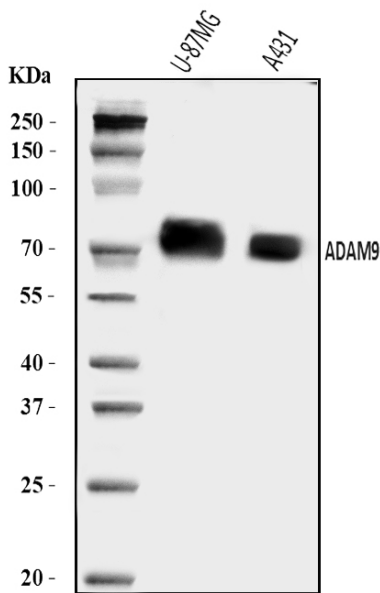
Background Information

Disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain-containing protein 9 is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the ADAM9 gene. This gene encodes a member of the ADAM (a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain) family. Members of this family are membrane-anchored proteins structurally related to snake venom disintegrins, and have been implicated in a variety of biological processes involving cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions, including fertilization, muscle development, and neurogenesis. The protein encoded by this gene interacts with SH3 domain-containing proteins, binds mitotic arrest deficient 2 beta protein, and is also involved in TPA-induced ectodomain shedding of membrane-anchored heparin-binding EGF-like growth factor. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants have been identified for this gene.

Reference

Anti-ADAM9 Antibody被引用在1文献中。

Selected Validation Data



Western blot analysis of ADAM9 using anti-ADAM9 antibody

(A03074-1). The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

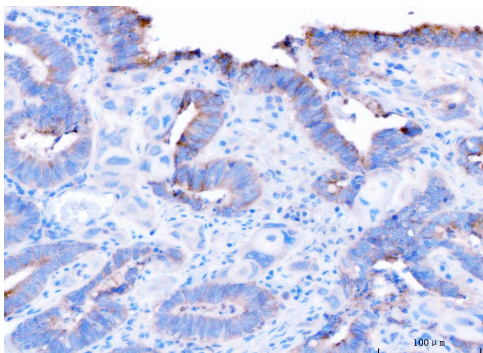
Lane 1: U-87MG whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: A431 whole cell lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a membrane.

Then the membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-ADAM9 antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (A03074-1) at a dilution of 1:1000 and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody (Catalog # BA1054). The signal is developed using ECL Plus Western Blotting Substrate (Catalog # AR1197). A specific band was detected for ADAM9 at approximately 75 kDa/100 kDa.

The expected band size for ADAM9 is at 91 kDa.



IHC analysis of ADAM9 using anti-ADAM9 antibody (A03074-1).

ADAM9 was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human bladder adenocarcinoma human tissue. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody. The tissue section was incubated with rabbit anti-ADAM9 Antibody (A03074-1) at a dilution of 1:200 and developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1022) with DAB (Catalog # AR1027) as the chromogen.

Product datasheet

Anti-ADAM9 Antibody

Catalog Number: **A03074-1**

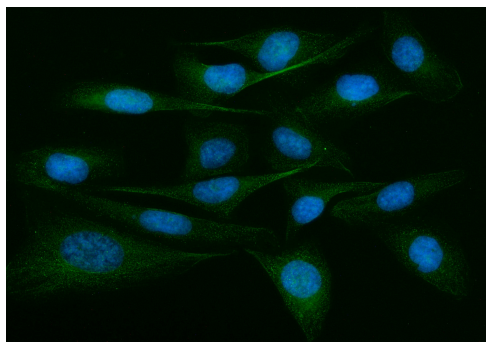
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IF analysis of ADAM9 using anti-ADAM9 antibody (A03074-1). ADAM9 was detected in an immunocytochemical section of U2OS cells. The section was incubated with rabbit anti-ADAM9 Antibody (A03074-1) at a dilution of 1:100. DyLight®488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Green) (Catalog # BA1127) was used as secondary antibody. The section was counterstained with DAPI (Catalog # AR1176) (Blue).