

Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-CD36 Antibody (Clone#GFD-3)		
Gene Name	CD36		
Source	Rabbit		
Clonality	Monoclonal		
Isotype	IgG		
Species Reactivity	human, mouse, rat		
Tested Application	WB, IHC, IP		
Contents	500 ug/ml; Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide, 0.4-0.5 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.		
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CD36		
Concentration	500 ug/ml		
Purification	Affinity-chromatography		
Observed MW	88 kDa		
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB):	1:500-2000	
	Immunohistochemistry (IHC):	1:50-200	
	ImmunoPrecipitation (IP):	1:50	

Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied.

Background Information

CD36 (cluster of differentiation 36), also known as FAT (fatty acid translocase), FAT/CD36, (FAT)/CD36, SCARB3, GP88, glycoprotein IV (gpIV), and glycoprotein IIIb (gpIIIb), is an integral membrane protein found on the surface of many cell types in vertebrate animals. CD36 is a member of the class B scavenger receptor family of cell surface proteins. It is mapped to 7q21.11. And CD36 binds many ligands including collagen, thrombospondin, erythrocytes parasitized with Plasmodium falciparum, oxidized low density lipoprotein, native lipoproteins, oxidized phospholipids, and long-chain fatty acids. In addition, CD36 function in long-chain fatty acid uptake and signaling can be irreversibly inhibited by sulfo-N-succinimidyl oleate (SSO), which binds lysine 164 within a hydrophobic pocket shared by several CD36 ligands, e.g. fatty acid and oxLDL.

Reference

Anti-CD36 Antibody (Clone#GFD-3)被引用在2文献中。

Selected Validation Data

Western blot analysis of CD36 expression in 3T3 cell lysate.

