

Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-ADRP/Perilipin 2/PLIN2 Antibody (Clone#AAII-16)	
Gene Name	PLIN2	
Source	Rabbit	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Isotype	IgG	
Species Reactivity	human, mouse, rat	
Tested Application	WB, ICC/IF, FCM	
Contents	500 ug/ml; Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide, 0.4-0.5 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.	
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human ADFP	
Concentration	500 ug/ml	
Purification	Affinity-chromatography	
Observed MW	48 kDa	
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB):	1:500-2000
	Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence (ICC/IF):	1:50-200
	Flow Cytometry (FCM):	1:20

Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied.

Background Information

Adipose differentiation-related protein, also known as perilipin 2 (PLIN2), ADRP or adipophilin, is a protein which in humans is encoded by the ADFP gene. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the perilipin family, members of which coat intracellular lipid storage droplets. This protein is associated with the lipid globule surface membrane material, and maybe involved in development and maintenance of adipose tissue. However, it is not restricted to adipocytes as previously thought, but is found in a wide range of cultured cell lines, including fibroblasts, endothelial and epithelial cells, and tissues, such as lactating mammary gland, adrenal cortex, Sertoli and Leydig cells, and hepatocytes in alcoholic liver cirrhosis, suggesting that it may serve as a marker of lipid accumulation in diverse cell types and diseases. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

Reference

Anti-ADRP/Perilipin 2/PLIN2 Antibody (Clone#AAII-16)被引用在1文献中。

Selected Validation Data

Western blot analysis of ADFP expression in HepG2 cell lysate.

