

Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-4EBP1/EIF4EBP1 (Phospho-T37/T46) Antibody	
Gene Name	EIF4EBP1	
Source	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Isotype	IgG	
Species Reactivity	human, mouse, rat	
Tested Application	WB, IHC, ICC/IF	
Contents	500 ug/ml antibody with PBS, 0.02% NaN ₃ , 1 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.	
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human 4E-BP1 around the phosphorylation site of Thr37/46.	
Concentration	500 ug/ml	
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.	
Observed MW	17 kDa	
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB): 1:500-2000 Immunohistochemistry (IHC): 1:50-200 Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence (ICC/IF): 1:50-200 (Boiling the paraffin sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH6.0, or PH8.0 EDTA repair liquid for 20 mins is required for the staining of formalin/paraffin sections.) Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.	

Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied. 6 months 2 to 8°C after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Background Information

Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 1 (also known as 4E-BP1) is a protein that in humans is encoded by the EIF4EBP1 gene. This gene encodes one member of a family of translation repressor proteins. The protein directly interacts with eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E (eIF4E), which is a limiting component of the multisubunit complex that recruits 40S ribosomal subunits to the 5' end of mRNAs. Interaction of this protein with eIF4E inhibits complex assembly and represses translation. This protein is phosphorylated in response to various signals

Product datasheet

Anti-4EBP1/EIF4EBP1 (Phospho-T37/T46) Antibody

Catalog Number: P00968-1

BOSTER[®]

antibody and ELISA experts

BOSTER BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY

Building C21, 3rd to 5th Floors, Optics Valley Biopharmaceutical Accelerator,
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including UV irradiation and insulin signaling, resulting in its dissociation from eIF4E and activation of mRNA translation.

Selected Validation Data

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