

Basic Information

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| Product Name | Anti-Prolactin/PRL Antibody |
| Gene Name | PRL |
| Source | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Species Reactivity | mouse |
| Tested Application | WB, ELISA |
| Contents | 500 ug/ml antibody with PBS, 0.02% NaN ₃ , 1 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. |
| Immunogen | E. coli-derived mouse Prolactin recombinant protein (Position: L30-C226). Mouse Prolactin shares 59.8% and 84.8% amino acid (aa) sequence identity with human and rat Prolactin, respectively. |
| Concentration | 500 ug/ml |
| Purification | Immunogen affinity purified. |
| Observed MW | 26 kDa |
| Dilution Ratios | Western blot (WB): 1:500-2000 Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA):1:100-1000 |

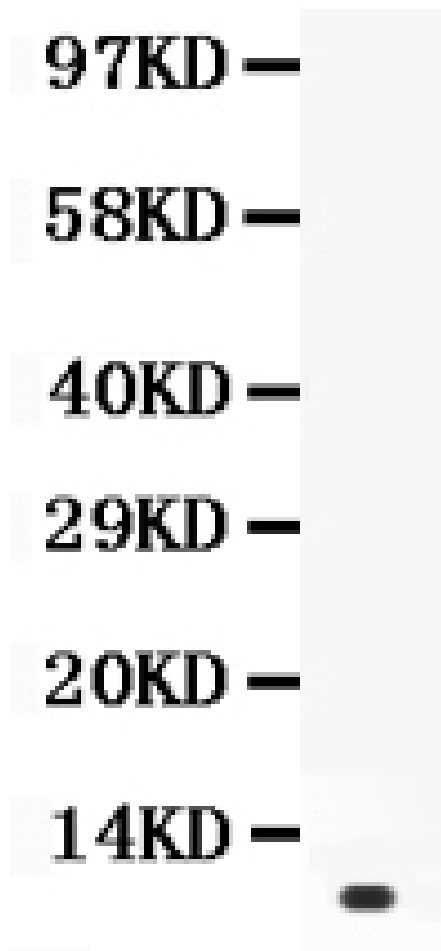
Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied. 6 months 2 to 8°C after reconstitution. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Background Information

Prolactin (PRL) also known as luteotropic hormone (LTH) is a protein that in humans is encoded by the PRL gene. Prolactin is a peptide hormone discovered by Henry Friesen. Although it is perhaps best known for its role in lactation, prolactin already existed in the oldest known vertebrates—fishes—where its most important functions were probably related to control of water and salt balance. Prolactin also acts in a cytokine-like manner and as an important regulator of the immune system. Prolactin has important cell cycle related functions as a growth-, differentiating- and anti-apoptotic factor. As a growth factor binding to cytokine like receptors it has also profound influence on hematopoiesis, angiogenesis and is involved in the regulation of blood clotting through several pathways.

Selected Validation Data



Western blot analysis of Prolactin/PRL using anti-Prolactin/PRL antibody (PB0422).

Lane 1: recombinant mouse Prolactin protein 0.5ng.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a membrane. Then the membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-Prolactin/PRL antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (PB0422) at a dilution of 1:1000 and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody (Catalog # BA1054). The signal is developed using ECL Plus Western Blotting Substrate (Catalog # AR1197). A specific band was detected for Prolactin/PRL at approximately 26 kDa.