

Basic Information

Product Name	Anti-ACADM Antibody	
Gene Name	ACADM	
Source	Rabbit	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Isotype	IgG	
Species Reactivity	human, mouse, rat	
Tested Application	WB, IHC, ICC/IF, FCM, ELISA	
Contents	500 ug/ml antibody with PBS, 0.02% NaN ₃ , 1 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.	
Immunogen	E.coli-derived human ACADM/MCAD recombinant protein (Position: S38-E401).	
Concentration	500 ug/ml	
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.	
Observed MW	47 kDa	
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB): 1:500-2000 Immunohistochemistry (IHC): 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence (ICC/IF): 1:50-400 Flow Cytometry (Fixed): 1:50-200 Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA): 1:100-1000 (Boiling the paraffin sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH6.0, or PH8.0 EDTA repair liquid for 20 mins is required for the staining of formalin/paraffin sections.) Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.	

Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied.

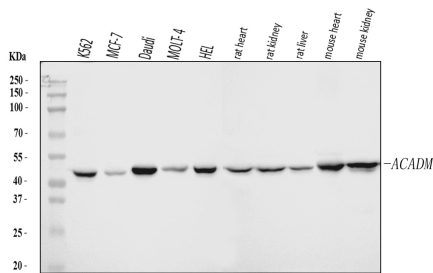
Background Information

ACADM (acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase, C-4 to C-12 straight chain) is a gene that provides instructions for making an enzyme called acyl-coenzyme A dehydrogenase that is important for breaking down (degrading) a certain group of fats called medium-chain fatty acids. This gene encodes the medium-chain specific (C4 to C12 straight chain) acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase. The homotetramer enzyme catalyzes the initial step of the mitochondrial fatty acid beta-oxidation pathway. Defects in this gene cause medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency, a disease characterized by hepatic dysfunction, fasting hypoglycemia, and encephalopathy, which can result in infantile death. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Reference

Anti-ACADM Antibody被引用在1文献中。

Selected Validation Data



Western blot analysis of ACADM using anti-ACADM antibody (A02383-3).

The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: K562 whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: MCF-7 whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: Daudi whole cell lysates,

Lane 4: MOLT-4 whole cell lysates,

Lane 5: HEL whole cell lysates,

Lane 6: rat heart tissue lysates,

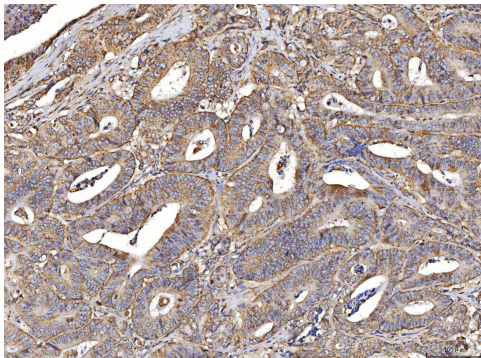
Lane 7: rat kidney tissue lysates,

Lane 8: rat liver tissue lysates,

Lane 9: mouse heart tissue lysates,

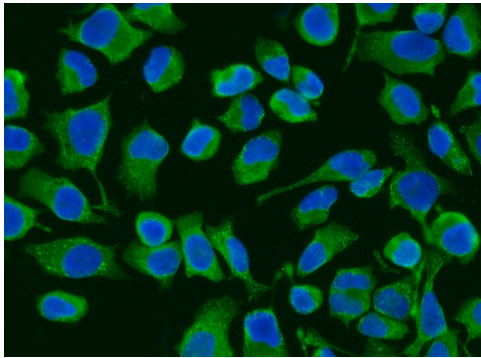
Lane 10: mouse kidney tissue lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a membrane. Then the membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-ACADM antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (A02383-3) at a dilution of 1:1000 and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody (Catalog # BA1054). The signal is developed using ECL Plus Western Blotting Substrate (Catalog # AR1197). A specific band was detected for ACADM at approximately 47 kDa. The expected band size for ACADM is at 47 kDa.



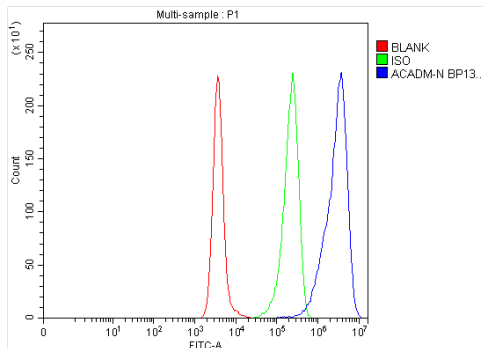
IHC analysis of ACADM using anti-ACADM antibody (A02383-3).

ACADM was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of human colorectal cancer tissue. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody. The tissue section was incubated with rabbit anti-ACADM Antibody (A02383-3) at a dilution of 1:200 and developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1022) with DAB (Catalog # AR1027) as the chromogen.



IF analysis of ACADM using anti-ACADM antibody (A02383-3).

ACADM was detected in an immunocytochemical section of Hela cells. The section was incubated with rabbit anti-ACADM Antibody (A02383-3) at a dilution of 1:100. DyLight®488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (Green) (Catalog # BA1127) was used as secondary antibody. The section was counterstained with DAPI (Catalog # AR1176) (Blue).



Flow Cytometry analysis of Daudi cells using anti-ACADM antibody (A02383-3).

Overlay histogram showing Daudi cells stained with A02383-3 (Blue line). To facilitate intracellular staining, cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with permeabilization buffer. The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with rabbit anti-ACADM Antibody (A02383-3) at 1:100 dilution for 30 min at 20°C. DyLight®488 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (BA1127) was used as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution for 30 minutes at 20°C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was rabbit IgG at 1:100 dilution used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Red line) was used as a blank control.