

## Basic Information

<b>Product Name</b>	Anti-CKM/CKB Antibody (Clone#AFOC-3)	
<b>Gene Name</b>	CKB	
<b>Source</b>	Rabbit	
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal	
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG	
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	human, mouse, rat	
<b>Tested Application</b>	WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP, FCM	
<b>Contents</b>	500 ug/ml; Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide, 0.4-0.5 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.	
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthesized peptide derived from human Creatine kinase B type Reversibly catalyzes the transfer of phosphate between ATP and various phosphogens (e.g. creatine phosphate) . Creatine kinase isoenzymes play a central role in energy transduction in tissues with large, fluctuating energy demands, such as skeletal muscle, heart, brain and spermatozoa.	
<b>Concentration</b>	500 ug/ml	
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity-chromatography	
<b>Observed MW</b>	43 kDa	
<b>Dilution Ratios</b>	Western blot (WB): 1:500-2000 Immunohistochemistry (IHC): 1:50-200 Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence (ICC/IF):1:50-200 ImmunoPrecipitation (IP): 1:50 Flow Cytometry (FCM): 1:50	

## Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied.

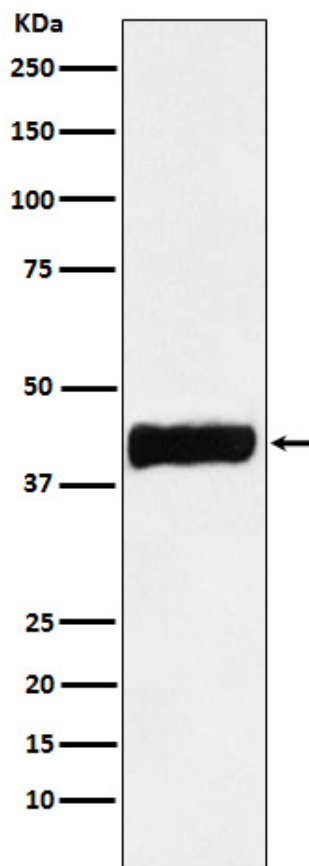
## Background Information

Brain-type creatine kinase also known as CK-BB is a creatine kinase that in humans is encoded by the CKB gene. The protein encoded by this gene is a cytoplasmic enzyme involved in energy homeostasis. The encoded protein reversibly catalyzes the transfer of phosphate between ATP and various phosphogens such as creatine phosphate. It acts as a homodimer in brain as well as in other tissues, and as a heterodimer with a similar muscle isozyme in heart. The encoded protein is a member of the ATP:guanido phosphotransferase protein family. A pseudogene of this gene has been characterized.

## Reference

Anti-CKM/CKB Antibody (Clone#AFOC-3)被引用在2文献中。

## Selected Validation Data



Western blot analysis of Creatine kinase B type expression in SHSY5Y cell lysate.