Product datasheet Anti-HRAS Antibody Catalog Number: PB0811



Building C21, 3rd to 5th Floors, Optics Valley Biopharmaceutical Accelerator, East Lake High-Tech Development Zone, Wuhan.

Web: www.boster.com Phone: 027-67845390/1/2 Email: boster@boster.com

Basic Information	
Product Name	Anti-HRAS Antibody
Gene Name	HRAS
Source	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Species Reactivity	human, mouse, rat
Tested Application	WB, IHC
Contents	500 ug/ml antibody with PBS, 0.02% NaN3, 1 mg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human GTPase HRAS identical to the related mouse and rat sequences.
Concentration	500 ug/ml
Purification	Immunogen affinity purified.
Observed MW	21 kDa
Dilution Ratios	Western blot (WB): Immunohistochemistry (IHC): (Boiling the paraffin sections in 10mM citrate buffer,pH6.0,or PH8.0 EDTA repair liquid for 20 mins is required for the staining of formalin/paraffin sections.) Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

Storage

12 months from date of receipt, -20°C as supplied.

Background Information

GTPase HRas, also known as transforming protein p21, is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the HRAS gene. This gene belongs to the Ras oncogene family, whose members are related to the transforming genes of mammalian sarcoma retroviruses. The products encoded by these genes function in signal transduction pathways. These proteins can bind GTP and GDP, and they have intrinsic GTPase activity. This protein undergoes a continuous cycle of de- and re-palmitoylation, which regulates its rapid exchange between the plasma membrane and the Golgi apparatus. Mutations in this gene cause Costello syndrome, a disease characterized by increased growth at the prenatal stage, growth deficiency at the postnatal stage, predisposition to tumor formation, mental retardation, skin and musculoskeletal abnormalities, distinctive facial appearance and cardiovascular abnormalities. Defects in this gene are implicated in a variety of cancers, including bladder cancer, follicular thyroid cancer, and oral squamous cell carcinoma. Multiple transcript variants, which encode different isoforms, have been identified for this gene.



BOSTER BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY

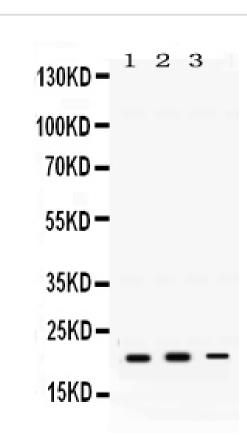
Building C21, 3rd to 5th Floors, Optics Valley Biopharmaceutical Accelerator, East Lake High-Tech Development Zone, Wuhan.

Web: www.boster.com Phone: 027-67845390/1/2 Email: boster@boster.com

Reference

Anti-HRAS Antibody被引用在3文献中。

Selected Validation Data



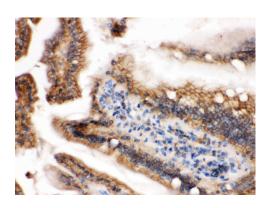
Western blot analysis of HRAS using anti-HRAS antibody (PB0811). The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: Rat brain tissue lysates,

Lane 2: Mouse brain tissue lysates,

Lane 3: HEPA whole cell lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a membrane. Then the membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-HRAS antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (PB0811) at a dilution of 1:1000 and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody (Catalog # BA1054). The signal is developed using ECL Plus Western Blotting Substrate (Catalog # AR1197). A specific band was detected for HRAS at approximately 21 kDa. The expected band size for HRAS is at 21 kDa.



IHC analysis of HRAS using anti-HRAS antibody (PB0811).

HRAS was detected in a paraffin-embedded section of mouse intestine tissue. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody. The tissue section was incubated with rabbit anti-HRAS Antibody (PB0811) at a dilution of 1:200 and developed using Strepavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1022) with DAB (Catalog # AR1027) as the chromogen.